

HUNT INSPECTORS' WEALTH TO FIND GRAFT

Willcox Leads New Legal Fight for Subway Deal

WEATHER—Fair to-night and Thursday; colder.

NIGHT
EDITION.

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The



World

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NEW FIGHT TO BREAK DOWN SUBWAY INJUNCTION SO WILLCOX CAN SIGN DEAL

Justice Hendrick, Who Granted
Order, Hears Argument on
Motion to Vacate It.

M'CALL OPPOSES PLAN.

Says If He Were on Board He
Would Wait Until Court
Passed on Case.

Undaunted by last night's refusal of the Appellate Division to set aside the injunction granted yesterday by Justice Hendrick forbidding the consummation of the subway operating contracts, counsel for the Interborough, the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate made another effort today to dissolve the restraining order. This time they appealed directly to Justice Hendrick, who granted their request that he listen to a motion to vacate the injunction.

Corporation Counsel Archibald Watson, representing the Board of Estimate; George S. Coleman, chief counsel to the Public Service Commission, and Morgan J. O'Brien, described as "counsel to Mr. Coleman," called on Justice Hendrick in the ex parte term of the Supreme Court at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon. They conferred with the Judge at the bench in low tones.

At the conclusion of the conference Justice Hendrick announced that he had given the lawyers permission to notify Clarence J. Shearn, a Hearst lawyer who drew up the John J. Hopper injunction, to appear this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Justice Hendrick said he would be prepared at that hour to hear arguments advanced by Mr. Watson, Mr. Coleman and others in favor of setting aside the injunction. Mr. Shearn was directed to be ready to answer these arguments.

JUDGE SAYS LAW PERMITS THE NEW MOTION.

"Under the law," said Justice Hendrick, "counsel in behalf of a public board has the right to ask that an injunction such as that issued yesterday be set aside. I am disposed to give a full hearing on the matter."

While the Public Service Commission, through its Chairman, Mr. Willcox, was seeking to get around the delay that will be entailed by waiting for arguments on the injunction until tomorrow morning—the time set by Justice Hendrick—E. E. McCall, the new Chairman, who is likely to take his seat at any time, was declaring himself as opposed to the Willcox tactics.

"If I were sitting as Chairman of the Public Service Commission," said Mr. McCall, "and that order had been served upon me, I should direct a full and absolute obedience to its spirit, which means an absolute cessation of any kind of action on the part of the Commission until the Court has finally passed upon the application."

Judge McCall had been informed of the position of counsel for the Commission that the injunction affected only the final action of the Commission and that the Commission could go ahead and approve the contracts and send them over to the Board of Estimate.

(Continued on Second Page.)

War Renewed!

Another great battle for positions and competent workers will be fought to-day. Will you retreat, stay under cover or march on to victory?

3,016

"Help Wanted" and "Situations Wanted" Ads. were Printed Yesterday in

The World

99 More Than ALL THE 6 OTHER New York Morning Newspapers ALDED TOGETHER.

To go straight to the worker or position you seek

Be Guided by World Ads. To-day!

PRESIDENT'S WIFE WHO DANCED THE "ONE STEP TURKEY TROT" AT BALL.



MRS. TAFT DANCES THE "ONE STEP TURKEY TROT"

President Smiles as Wife Makes
Society Stare at Last Big
White House Affair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The one-step is a "regular" dance. Washington society with choruses of glee is whispering this to-day following the Army and Navy receptions at the White House last night, at which Mrs. Taft, leaning on the arm of Lieut.-Commander Timmons, naval aide to the President, threaded her cautious way through the masses of the dance that has taken the capital by storm.

It was near midnight when it all happened. In the midst of a swaying ragtime and "turkey-trotting" there was a sudden break in the jangle of sabres, rustling of silks and patter of feet as Mrs. Taft swept onto the floor.

"Look! Look!" everybody whispered, "Mrs. Taft is dancing!"

"And it's the one-step," came the answer in hushed breath.

At the end of the dance Mrs. Taft, laughing delightedly, rejoined the President, who stood in a corner of the East Room with a wide smile on his face despite a much-willed collar.

"The 'one-step' is the latest compromise on the 'Turkey Trot'."

The reception last night was the biggest of the Taft Administration. More than 2,000 attended. Society evidently fearing that this would be the last of the receptions, which have made the Executive Mansion so gay, because of President-elect Wilson's well-known aversion to elaborate functions, was out en masse.

KAISER'S SON RESCUES TRAIN WRECK VICTIMS; WAS IN PERIL HIMSELF

Prince Eitel-Friedrich Passenger on Express That Crashes With Oil Cars.

VIENNA, Feb. 5.—Prince Wilhelm Eitel-Friedrich, second son of the German Kaiser, was in peril to-day when an express on which he was travelling from Bucharest to Berlin crashed head-on into the rear of a train of oil tanks near Mediasch. The collision caused an explosion of oil, and the blazing fluid was thrown over the wrecked coaches, setting them afire.

Many persons were reported to be fatally injured. The prince and his suite were not hurt and the young man at once set about to aid those rescued from the burning wreck.

LEGISLATURE GETS BILLS TO REFORM STOCK EXCHANGE

Maximum Rate for Call Loans
15 Per Cent.; All Wash Sales
Forbidden.

NO INCORPORATION YET

Seven Measures by Gov. Sulzer
Introduced in Both Houses
at Albany To-Day.

ALBANY, Feb. 5.—Seven bills, drafted by Gov. Sulzer and embodying his recommendations on Stock Exchange reforms, as outlined in his recent message to the Legislature, were introduced to-day by Senator Sulwell.

While provision is made for fixing a maximum rate of interest on call loans at 15 per cent, the question of incorporating the New York Stock Exchange is still open. A committee representing the exchange told the Governor last week that if these two propositions were enacted into law, "disastrous results" would follow.

"The advisability of incorporating the Exchange or leaving it a voluntary association is a matter that should be very carefully considered," said the Governor. "However, I am not committed directly or indirectly in regard to this matter, although we are at work on a bill dealing with the subject."

Majority leader Aaron J. Levy introduced the bills in the Assembly and summarized their provisions in the following statement:

"The establishment of a maximum of 15 per cent. for call loans is sought in one of the bills and provision is made to declare a contract for a greater amount usurious.

ANOTHER BILL HITS AT RIGGING THE MARKET.

"Another bill relates to the reporting of fictitious transactions in securities and would make it a felony to report as a purchase or sale of stock a transaction in which there is no actual change of ownership. It is intended to prevent the circulation of false statements of sales, thereby affecting the price of stocks.

"A third bill is designed to apply to false representations concerning securities and would make it a felony to issue or publish any statement or advertisement of any facts which affect the price of stocks, if the person making such publication has reasonable ground to believe that the statement is false.

"A fourth bill deals with the manipulation in the price of securities and would impose a felony for inflating or depressing the price of stocks by means of fictitious purchases, sales or other transactions, or to conspire for such purpose. A pretended purchase or sale would be made presumptive evidence of an intent to defraud. The object of this measure is to prevent wash sales for the purpose of affecting the prices of securities.

"The bill relating to trading by brokers against customers' orders would prohibit a broker from purchasing or selling stocks and trading them in against his customers' orders. The object of this measure is to prevent a broker from taking advantage of the confidential relations with his customer for his own profit.

"The sixth measure deals with the insolvency and hypochondria of customers' securities, and would make it a felony for a broker to receive from a customer, ignorant of the broker's insolvency, money or securities except in liquidation of a debt due to the broker, if the customer loses as a result of such transaction. This measure is designed to prevent the unscrupulous broker from continuing in business after it is definitely known by him that he is insolvent."

SEVENTH BILL MAKES IT EASIER TO WIPE OUT BUCKET SHOPS.

"The bucketshop bill provides that a witness shall not be excused from testifying upon the ground that his testimony may tend to convict him of a crime with the proviso that he shall not be prosecuted for any incriminating matter or thing concerning which he may testify. The object of this measure is to more effectively enforce the law against criminal bucketshops, which heretofore has been difficult on account of the privileges of witnesses.

"Another provision of this bill would require that but one party to a bucketshop transaction should be cognizant that it is not a legitimate trade. At present both the broker and the customer must be shown to have such knowledge."

TWICE WEDDED TO HUBBY, LIVED WITH HIM A DAY

Brief Romance Ends in His
\$25,000 Alienation Suit
Against Her Parents.

HER DAD WANTED \$250.

Husband Swears Father-in-Law
Offered to Return His
Bride for That Sum.

How a vacation romance born behind the veil of honeysuckle blossoms that screened the porch of the little summer hotel at Hurleyville, N. Y., was shattered by cold parental cynicism in the seer autumnal days when that romance had been transplanted to matter-of-fact New York, was a tale spread at length upon the records of the Supreme Court this morning by Edward Lamont Cameron, a young engineer in the employ of the New York Edison Company.

Mr. Cameron declares distrust of himself, obstinately held by Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Ritschel, the parents of his bride, was the root upon which his matrimonial bark was stranded after one brief day and night of marital happiness. For the alleged successful attempt of his father and mother-in-law to alienate the affections of his "girl wife" he asks \$25,000 damages.

While he recounted his story of woe to a jury in Justice Newburger's Court this morning his bride sat staring round-eyed at him, occasionally whispering an indignant word of denial to her attorneys. Mrs. Anna Caroline Cameron is a winsome little girl of eighteen.

VACATION COURTSHIP ENDS IN NEW YORK MARRIAGE.

"I first met Anna at Hurleyville, where she and I were stopping for our vacations," Cameron told the jury.

"On Aug. 26, 1911, our blissful vacations were over and we slipped down to New York without informing her parents, got our marriage license in the City Hall and were married by Alderman Alexander Drascher.

"Then, laughing gleefully over our tremendous secret, we parted, Anna going home and I returning to my work. For two weeks we never breathed a word of our secret. Finally, on Sept. 8, we stalked bravely before Anna's father and mother and told them the news.

"They were as mad as they could be. We told them, however, we weren't satisfied with only a civil ceremony. We insisted we must be married in the church, and then, said we, we're going to set up housekeeping together.

"Grudgingly, with many a slur at me, they gave their assent. We had our wedding the next day before Father George Sinnott. Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Ritschel displayed their open hostility toward me. They declined to take any part in the wedding supper, and when they left for their home, at No. 172 East Ninetieth street, they begged Anna to go with them and leave me. She refused, like the staunch little wife she was then.

FATHER-IN-LAW THREATENED TO SHOOT HIM, HE SAYS.

"The next morning, as we were sitting at breakfast, there came a knock at the door, and Mrs. Ritschel entered. She called me all sorts of names, said I was no good and flew into a frightful rage. Anna defended me, but finally she was obliged to take her mother home.

"I met her at the home of her married sister, and while I was there Mr. Ritschel called. Anna and her sister made me go to another room, for, said they, Mr. Ritschel had threatened to shoot both me and my bride, if she ever returned to live with me.

"At the entreaty of her parents Anna went to their home that night. Anna for a long time declared she would live with me, if her parents would allow her, but they were steadfast in their refusal to grant the necessary permission.

"Finally I visited my attorney with a view to bringing the present suit, when it became apparent to me that Mr. and Mrs. Ritschel had won my wife from me. Then I had another interview with Anna and her father. They told me to drop the suit and give Mr. Ritschel \$250 and everything would be all right.

Bride Who Lived With Husband One Day, Though Twice Wedded



INSPECTOR DWYER "INVESTIGATED" BY HIMSELF, HE SAYS

Gaynor's Letter Telling Waldo
of Possible Unfitness
Handed to Him.

Inspector John F. Dwyer, who less than eight months ago was a lieutenant, who after twenty-eight days as a captain became an inspector in command of the Fourth District, including the "upper Tenderloin," succeeding Inspector Hayes, was the star witness at the hearing of the Aldermanic Police Investigating Committee this afternoon.

The last hearing to be held this week, a week's rest will be taken by the committee for the preparation of further material to be presented. This action was the result of an executive session preceding the open hearing.

Inspector Dwyer, a large and athletic man, with a frank manner, surprised Chief Counsel Buckner with the announcement that he had never heard of a letter written by Mayor Gaynor on Sept. 3, 1912, complaining against the placing of uniformed patrolmen in front of suspected places.

POLICE PICKET BETTER THAN RAID, HE THINKS.

Mr. Buckner said that a policeman had been placed in front of the Robespierre, a suspected disorderly hotel, at No. 220 West Fifth street, following a complaint against the place by a clergyman. Later, the attorney named a clergyman as "Father Delaney."

ATLANTIC CITY POLICE SURROUNDED THE CITY AND CAPTURED THIEF

Entire Force in Seven Hour
Hunt for Desperate
Negro.

ATLANTIC CITY, Feb. 5.—Charles Williams, a giant one armed negro, was captured to-day after a seven-hour hunt in which all of the policemen in the city with a single exception took part. The one exception was James Woodcock, who is in the hospital with his back and shoulders slashed so badly that twenty stitches were required to close the wounds.

Woodcock at 4:30 o'clock this morning saw Williams fleeing from a house into which he had broken. Woodcock tackled him single-handed. Williams fought with desperation.

When the policeman was overcome Williams escaped, but Woodcock was able to give the name of his assailant and the search was started. All ways for leaving the city were put under guard before he had a chance to escape, and then the hunt in all places where he could seek refuge was continued until he was found.

FOX'S GRAFT RECORDS USED TO TRACE RICHES OF ACCUSED INSPECTORS

Whitman Detectives Investigate
Holdings of Relatives of Three
Named as Half Sharers in \$72,000
Paid to Captain Walsh.

HEADQUARTERS OFFICIAL AMONG THOSE ACCUSED

Informer Tells Who Gave \$5,000
Cash Bail and Points Trail
to "Higher Up."

Patrolman Eugene Fox, the Harlem graft collector, put his charge that he collected in five years close to \$75,000 from disorderly hotels and saloons for Capt. Walsh of the East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street precinct, in affidavit form this afternoon. Fox's confession involves three inspectors, but with these high officials he had no direct dealings. He took his information that the inspectors shared in the graft from Walsh and from his familiarity with conditions.

The statement of Fox was dictated to a stenographer. He gave a list of the persons from whom he collected money with the dates and amounts as closely as he could recollect. Much of the testimony on this line was given from notes made by Fox, some of which were based on memory and some on written memoranda.

HIS THREE WIVES NEIGHBORS, BUT DIDN'T KNOW IT

Isidore Steinberg, Who Kept
Three Families Few Blocks
Apart, Goes to Prison.

Isidore Steinberg, who, when he pleaded guilty last week to bigamy before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions, claimed Wife No. 1 arranged his marriage to wife No. 2, so that she could get money to return to her relatives in Russia, was sentenced to Sing Sing prison for a term of not less than one year and six months nor more than four years and six months to-day.

Probation officers told Judge Rosalsky investigation disproved Steinberg's assertions. They produced a Wife No. 3, whom Steinberg maintained at No. 74 Rutgers street.

In sentencing Steinberg Judge Rosalsky remarked that the case showed a strange phase of city life in it being possible for a man to maintain three families, all in one neighborhood, without the fact being discovered. Steinberg's Wife No. 1 lived in Hester street with a family of five children. Wife No. 2 lived at No. 48 Cannon street with one child. Wife No. 3 dwelt at No. 1 Rutgers street, where her baby was born, two years ago.

All three wives were in court. They walked in a line to the witness stand and told Judge Rosalsky their stories. Each pleaded that the Judge be lenient with the defendant.

"I think he has been punished enough," Wife No. 1 said, pleading contemptuously at wives Nos. 2 and 3. "He must have had an unpleasant experience with his first wife," pleaded Wife No. 2.

"Could you blame him, Judge?" cried Wife No. 3, "for trying to get away from those two women?"

The wives and children of Steinberg will be cared for by various Hebrew charitable societies while he is in prison.

BROTHER OF POLICE OFFICIAL ENMESHED IN SIPP DEAL.

The division, according to Fox, was simple, with inspectors getting the major portion. Of every hundred dollars collected, Fox kept \$10. Of the other \$90, the captain pocketed \$45 and paid \$45 to an inspector. In addition, the inspector is said to have had an independent collector, who demanded 20 per cent. of the amount collected by Fox.

SUNDAY WORLD WANTS WORK MONDAY WONDERS,